

- Try to establish a relationship with the perpetrator and get to know them.
- If forced to present terrorist demands to authorities, either in writing or on tape, state clearly that the demands are from your captors. Avoid making a plea on your behalf.
- Try to stay low to the ground or behind cover from windows or doors, if possible.

SERIOUS INJURY/ILLNESS

A medical emergency may exist for many reasons including trauma, alcohol, or other drug overdose, serious mental health issues, or medical conditions like diabetes or cardiac arrest.

If you are a witness to someone experiencing a serious injury or medical emergency **CALL 911!**

- **Call Office of Campus Safety & Security immediately by dialing 911, or have someone call for you. If someone else calls, have the person report back to you to verify they have called 911.**
- Do **NOT** move the person unless they are in immediate danger.
- Provide first aid until help arrives if you have appropriate training and equipment. If the victim is conscious and alert, be sure to obtain consent from the victim before providing first aid.
- Reassure the person that help is on the way.
- Send someone outside to escort first responders to the appropriate location.
- If an Automatic Electric Defibrillator (AED) is needed because a person has no pulse and is unresponsive, turn the device on, and follow the audio prompts.
- A naloxone kit or a Narcan Kit is a rescue kit to be used in case of an overdose emergency. Narcan Kits are available at the Office of Campus Safety & Security if a drug overdose is suspected.

CARDIAC ARREST / HEART ATTACK

Know the signs:

- Chest discomfort: most heart attacks involve discomfort in the center of the chest that lasts more than a few minutes, or that goes away and comes back. It can feel like uncomfortable pressure, squeezing, fullness or pain.
- Discomfort in other areas of the upper body. Symptoms can include pain or discomfort in one or both arms, the back, the neck, jaw or stomach.
- Shortness of breath with or without chest discomfort.
- Other signs may include: breaking out in a cold sweat, nausea, or lightheadedness.

CALL 911 and send someone to get the nearest AED

- AEDs are designed to reestablish effective rhythm

of the heart in people who are experiencing certain cardiac arrhythmias. AEDs provide audio instructions for use when the device is turned on by pressing the Power Button.

- Anyone can use an AED.

AEDS ARE LOCATED IN OR NEAR THE FOLLOWING AREAS:

- **Bowne Hall** - 1st Floor lobby by Elevator
- **CBI** - 1st floor North Lobby by Elevator
- **Conklin Hall** - 1st Floor behind Security
- **Conklin Hall** - Basement Fitness RM 010
- **Day Care Center** In center of Main Hall/East Hall
- **Drumlin Hall** - East Exit by ATM
- **Dutchess Hall** - 2nd Floor Lobby / Rm 201
- **Falcon Hall** - Main Entrance 1st Floor Lobby
- **Falcon Hall** - Exercise Room 122
- **Athletic Dept.** - Phillips Mobil Unit
- **Hudson Hall** - 5th Floor by Stairwell 2
- **Hudson Hall** - 3rd Floor by Elevators
- **Physical Plant** - Main Office Common Area
- **SSB** - 2nd Floor by Elevator
- **Taconic Hall** - 2nd Floor Main Lobby E wall
- **Washington Center** 1st Floor Lobby South Wall
- **Security Car** - Phillips Mobile Unit Car 3
- **Security Car** - Phillips Mobile Unit Car 4
- **Security Car** - Phillips Mobile Unit Car 2
- **DCC@ Fishkill** 2nd Flr. Student Lounge RM 230
- **DCC@ Fishkill** - 2nd Flr. outside Main Office
- **DCC@ HVR** – Main lobby by Front Door

STROKE

Call 911 immediately if any of these signs of stroke appear:

- Numbness or weakness in the face, arm, or leg
- Confusion or trouble speaking or understanding speech
- Trouble seeing in one or both eyes.
- Trouble walking, dizziness, or problems with balance; severe headache with no known cause.

STROKE SYMPTOMS

Remember, recognize and act fast



SEVERE WEATHER CONDITIONS

Mass Notification: